

II Peter 1:21 II Tim 3:16

SUBJECT: Revelation
and Inspiration

11/80
GP

- (2) Purpose. Teleological. Reaching toward a goal
 all vitally connected, interrelated
 of coming in Eden, of leaves, of animal skins
 of saving of Abel
 of the ritual was inspiring
 of mystic was splendor
 of shewies = substance } but preparatory

- (3) Congruity. Harmony. Agreement
 in same theme, of night, of concept
 of the remains. One divine mind. Same laws of nature
 of mechanism. Same truth, where of unity, coherence, spirit
 of the body of nature. God's truth revealed
 not near word reveals it
 - - - would - - -
 e.g. anthropologist - says God is divine, some
 primitive says - found in existence - no, as concept
 But the. Failure, utter failure. Redemption.

INSPIRATION

The transmission of the revealed truth
 at that act: i.e. Eden, to Abraham
 with necessary to reveal the divine truth in writing
 in, the mind of God, justly means to reveal the divine inspiration

Theories of inspiration

1. Rationalistic
 Genesis a personal law, all divinely inspired
 the Bible the product of man, not without process
 written as if by God, Moses, Virgil, Cicero, Ovid, Virgil, Shakespeare
2. Fractional
 some parts, some not
 of words but, some words
 contain a word, God, but is not the word, God
3. The radical
 writing process instrument. a deification
 a ridiculous dream near the liberal feel up to God's down.

3. Three characteristics of Biblical revelation.

(1) Movement, development, progress; continuity
1 Jn. 1:1 since all intervals. 1 J. 1:1; Matt 7:1

GATHERING OF A RIVER
f. unfolded in O.T., unfolded in N.T.
f. gathering of a river
f. address to receive it

Matt 19:3 Academy & address to receive it
DEVELOPMENT BY A CHILD
SAVE AND AGAG f. man of force rather than power voice.

So for the age, as for children in their age.
(a) Bad boy in S.S. years past Sunday & model experience being used
other boys called him. Teacher, "what do you say to him?" "I've did not
say nothing! We just punched him in the nose."
(b) Child on road, runs on dirt. Refused to get up. Called "my delight."
"It is a small matter, will you get up?" "Said... not living daylight."
"My boy, get up. You're gonna be a doctor (dad...)"

(2) Continuity, purpose, reaching toward goal, TELEOLOGICAL
Vidually intended. integrated. inter-related.
f. as all the truths of calculus lie generally in the simplest
mathematical axioms, so all truth of revelation is expressed in its
most elementary in O.T. intention in O.T., fulfillment in N.T.
f. the revelation is more clearly the pattern, the tabernacle. But had
to wait & more revelation so we could understand the language of
Hebrew. clear.. simple.. agreement..

(3) Coherence, harmony, agreement.
The same theme, thought, intention throughout.
f. Body revelation of fallen man, story of redemption.
no man could write, no man would write it.
e.g. an anthropologist sets out to tell the story of man. One is
both in misery & out-grief, deep in slime? primal way as
before inquiries will alone. Man is low. e.g. e.g. & as
as angel. But if they were - down, down, flial with failure.
(a) with low vs high - hell, hell, hell. A delight: not with low man!!
e.g. a theologian. Man is low, a man is lost, fallen man.

II Inspiration.

The transmission of revelation, truth.

Theories

(1) Rationalistic.

Denies a personal God, all things supernatural.
The Bible a product of man, was inherent in human power. Writers
inspired as Roman writers in inspired - Homer, Virgil, Shakespeare, Milton,
1 saint, 1 poet.
of Shakespeare, Milton!

(2) Partial.

Fractional: Some parts inspired some not. ^{the} Decalogue ^{the} inspired parts
: Thoroughly God with the words ^{the} Religious / Historical
: Scripture contains the words of God but are not the words of God.
Inspired in spirit - they inspired to give out the spirit.

(3) Mechanical

The writers passive instruments, led a diabolical automaton.
Sensory awareness. The ideas were carried out by the hand.

(4) Dynamic. [Primary, verbal, supernatural]

Dynamic - uses human instrument, miracle, Writers moved upon
by the H.S., using the natural faculties of man. 2 letters 91

Primary - all of it

Verbal - every part, every title.

Supernatural - beyond the natural powers of man.
- has supernatural effect

(1) For Best Represent. Study: "The Bible as a Book" by
"The Bible as a Book" by G. B. Caird, 1941, p. 117
"The Bible as a Book" by G. B. Caird, 1941, p. 117
"The Bible as a Book" by G. B. Caird, 1941, p. 117
"The Bible as a Book" by G. B. Caird, 1941, p. 117
"The Bible as a Book" by G. B. Caird, 1941, p. 117

II Term. 3.16

SUBJECT: Revelation
and Inspiration

D u/80

CP

II John 1:21; II Tim 3:16

Revelation and Inspiration

ἑορκευεστος = all (but plays) into the instrument
Two parts to the word
Two parts to the meaning
All the plays / the scriptures, the instrument, words

meaning of the first part - and, the reveals, Revelation.
Latin REVELATIO
REVELO - to reveal, uncover, lay bare

Gr. ἁποκαλύπτω
ἀποκαλύψεις

meaning of the second part - the instrument, the vehicle, the matter was
John ἰνσπρω - to breath in
INSPIRATION
Gr. ἐμφύω
(John 20:22)

ἰνσφω, to breathe
ἰνσφω, to breathe
ἐμφύω - to breathe; inspired truth, all plays

Revelation: the content of what God has made known to man beyond
his ability to reach out or discern. Revelation / truth beyond human power
& know. can only grow from God.

Inspiration: the supernatural means God used to record his revelation
(see meaning of ἐμφύω) in the Holy Spirit's deposition, record, grace
from human words.

6. revelation: the location in the book revealed to man. revelation was
inspiration: man wrote the creation chapter correctly, no error

6. revelation: John looked up the meaning of Jew, demonstrated it
inspiration: wrote the record, not to save world from

6. revelation: content / Scriptural truth
inspiration: transmission? - -

REVELATION

1. Three assumptions necessary for revelation
 - (1) God is act, willing to communicate with man
 - (2) man ... " ... receive the communication
 - (3) In revelation, content and nature of the truth, is beyond what the man could know by his natural powers. Only the could know.
 - ↳. seen because of this - ? know by experience, observation
 - ↳. who could, does see this. only if he reveals.

2. Three ways the revelation communicated
 - (1) Objectively: by actual manifestation
 - ↳. Ex. 24:18; Lev. 9:10
 - ↳. Dan. 5:5
 - (2) Subjectively: Revealed in the heart
 - ↳. Ex. 3:15
 - ↳. Dan. 5: 25-27

3. Three characteristics of Biblical revelation

- (1) ~~Continuity~~ progress, never fully development
 - ↳. like the gathering of a river, development
 - ↳. Gen. 1:1
 - ↳. according to the order of revelation, human eye of all
 - ↳. of. living things. Parture with. Partly developed types, symbols for man to see
- (2) ~~the development of a child~~
 - ↳. use of broad, slowly than previous.
 - ↳. I Sam. 15: 27 Saul - a boy
 - ↳. (at Beth leah in 2. S., Saul's boy, model of a man. Dev. next with boy's name
 - ↳. David's "little did you say" to his 11 "the child say ruler. 10. 27
 - ↳. David's "little did you say" to his 11 "the child say ruler. 10. 27
 - ↳. David's "little did you say" to his 11 "the child say ruler. 10. 27

